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Ascentage Pharma

Ascentage Pharma Group International

2023 Interim Results Presentation

August 22, 2023

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Ascentage Pharma

Patient-Centric Innovation | Global Breakthrough Therapies

MISSION To address China and global unmet medical needs

VISION To become a global leading integrated biopharmaceutical company

VALUE Patients first; Innovation-driven;
Science-based

Patient-Centric Innovation | Global Breakthrough Therapies



Global leading proprietary innovative products

Olverembatinib is **global best-in-class¹ 3G BCR-ABL TKI** for CML, ALL and solid tumors

Lisaftoclax (APG-2575) is **potentially global best-in-class Bcl-2 inhibitor** and to be the 2nd approved Bcl-2 inhibitor globally

Multiple **first-in-class pipeline assets** in advanced clinical development stages, targeting unmet clinical needs



Rapidly expanding commercial footprint

NRDL covered, olverembatinib is the only marketed 3G BCR-ABL inhibitor in China

Due to olverembatinib's **efficacious, durable, safe and long DoT² properties**, number of patients on treatment growing steadily

Commercialization team equipped with **rich experience in hematology field**, laying solid foundation for future commercialization



World-class R&D and manufacturing capabilities

468 issued patents and 1,200+ applications globally

400+ R&D employees executing 40+ clinical trials globally

Comprehensive R&D capabilities, covering entire lifecycle from discovery to registration

cGMP manufacturing facilities qualified by international standards, passing EU QP audit with zero deficiency

Unique competitive advantages combining revolutionary hematology pipeline and powerful commercial model

Well-positioned to capture the US\$10bn+ global blood cancer market opportunities

CML
\$7.2bn

ALL
\$2.3 bn

CLL
\$13.2 bn

AML
\$3.1 bn

MM
\$25.7 bn

MDS
\$3.3 bn

Lisafoclax (APG-2575) received clearance for global registrational Phase III trial for treatment of CLL/SLL



Lisafoclax (APG-2575)



FDA



Global Phase III Registrational Trial for CLL/SLL

Potentially the 2nd approved Bcl-2 inhibitor globally

- Received clearance from U.S. FDA to initiate global registrational phase III clinical trial
- To treat previously treated CLL/SLL patients
- Lisafoclax (APG-2575) in combination with BTK inhibitor
- ORR of 98% achieved in r/r CLL/SLL patients when given lisafoclax (APG-2575) in combination with BTK inhibitor based on global Phase II clinical trial data

Olverembatinib



CDE



Global Phase III Registrational Trial for Ph+ ALL

To become the 1st 3rd generation TKI for first line treatment of Ph+ ALL in China

- Global registrational Phase III study approved by China CDE
- To treat newly diagnosed Ph+ ALL patients (i.e., 1st line treatment)
- Olverembatinib in combination with chemotherapy
- Abundant real-world patient and clinical data demonstrating efficacy and safety

Clinically validated products, well-designed clinical trials, maximizing probability of success

Olverembatinib commercialization accelerated

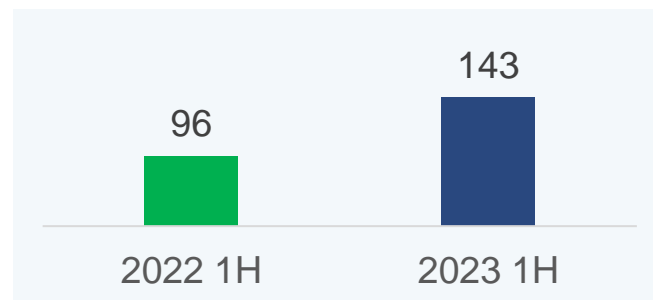
Accumulated sales exceeded RMB300m since launch¹



Continuously enhances commercialization capabilities to expand patient reach

Total Revenue (RMB m)

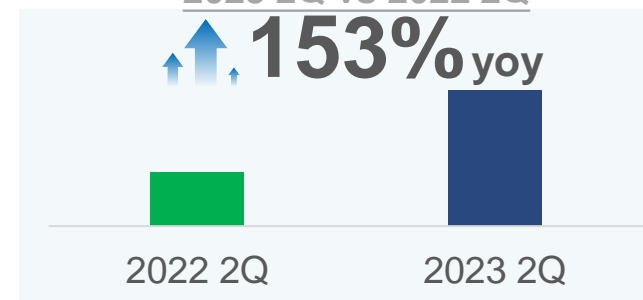
2023 1H vs 2022 1H
↑↑ 49% yoy



Affordability significantly improved since NRDL effective in Mar 2023

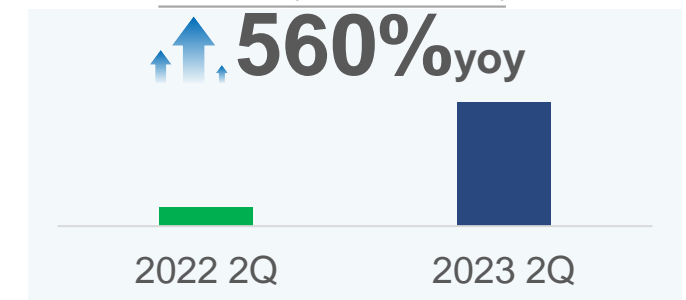
Olverembatinib revenue

2023 2Q vs 2022 2Q
↑↑ 153% yoy



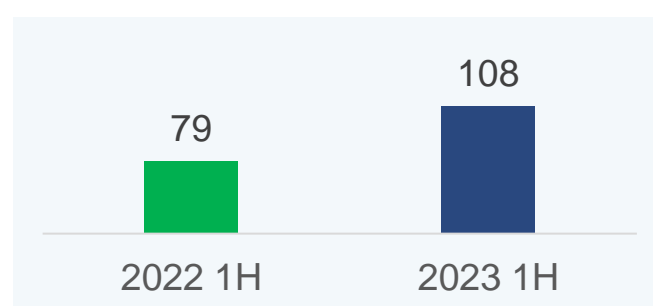
Olverembatinib sales volume

2023 2Q vs 2022 2Q
↑↑ 560% yoy



Olverembatinib revenue (RMB m)

2023 1H vs 2022 1H
↑↑ 37% yoy



■ Entered 110 hospitals and 260+ DTP pharmacies²

■ Future growth drivers:

- Longer DoT driving growth in number of patients on treatment
- NDA for CML-CP resistant to 1G and 2G TKIs expected to be approved in China in near term, expanding number of on-label patients
- Expand indications and potentially to be the 1st TKI for the first-line treatment of Ph+ ALL in China

First and only 3rd generation BCR-ABL TKI in China, establishing strong market position

Patient-centric innovation, global cutting-edge targeted therapies, hematology leader



CML (Approved)

ALL (Ph 3 registrational trial for 1st line treatment approved)

GIST (Ph 1)

Lisaftoclax (APG-2575)



CLL/SLL (China pivotal registrational ph 2 trial ongoing and global registrational ph 3 trial approved)

AML (Ph 2)

MDS (Ph 2)

MM (Ph 2)

...

Alrizomadlin (APG-115)

Pelcitolax (APG-1252)

APG-2449

APG-1387

APG-5918



Hematological malignancies and solid tumors

Potential combination treatments

(e.g., alrizomadlin (APG-115) and lisaftoclax (APG-2575) combo to treat r/r pediatric neuroblastoma and other solid tumors)

Pipeline covers all the hematological malignancies and targets US\$10bn+ market opportunity



Market potential for indications:

- CML: US\$7.2 bn
- ALL: US\$2.3 bn

Olverembatinib

US\$5.4bn+
market opportunity

Comparable product sales:¹

- 2G TKI: US\$4bn+
- Ponatinib: US\$600m+
- Asciminib: US\$800m+



Market potential for indications:

- CLL: US\$13.2 bn
- AML: US\$3.1 bn
- MM: US\$25.7 bn
- MDS: US\$3.3 bn

**Lisaftoclax
(APG-2575)**

US\$4bn+
market opportunity

Comparable product sales:²

- Venetoclax: US\$4bn+



Global FIC Pipeline

APG-115

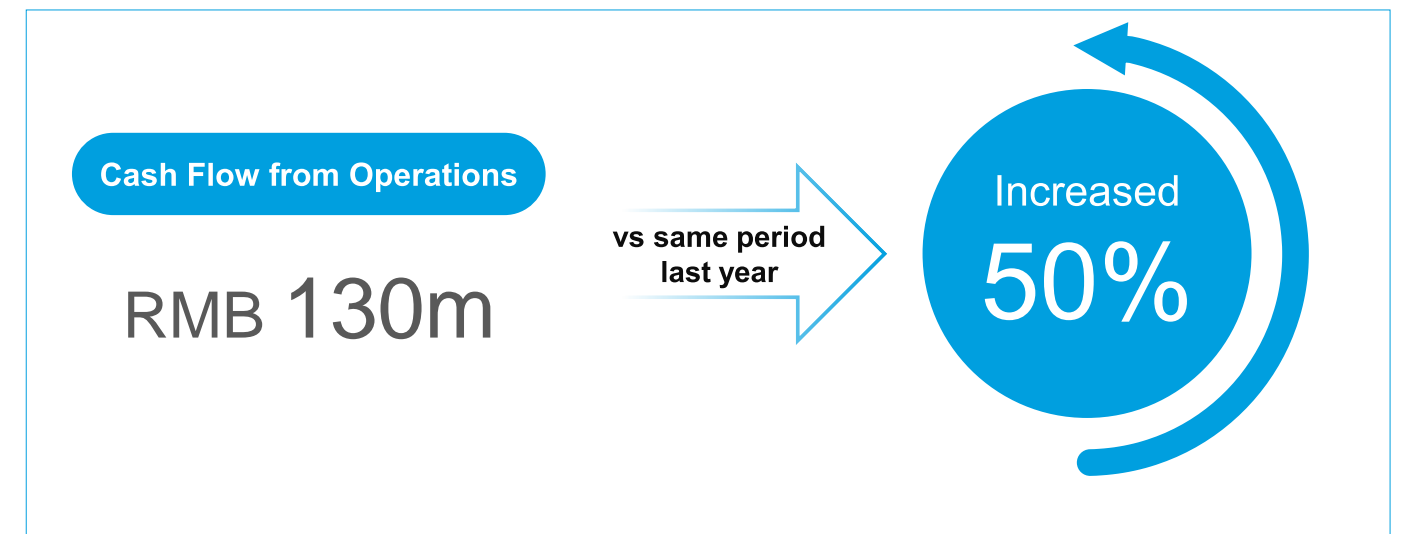
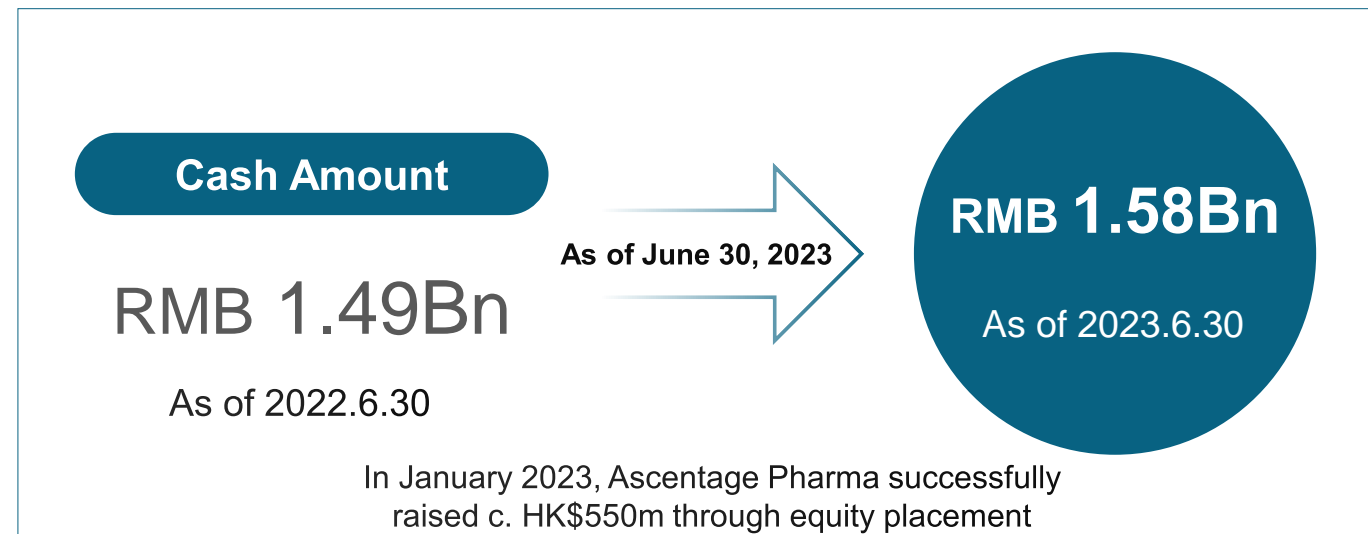
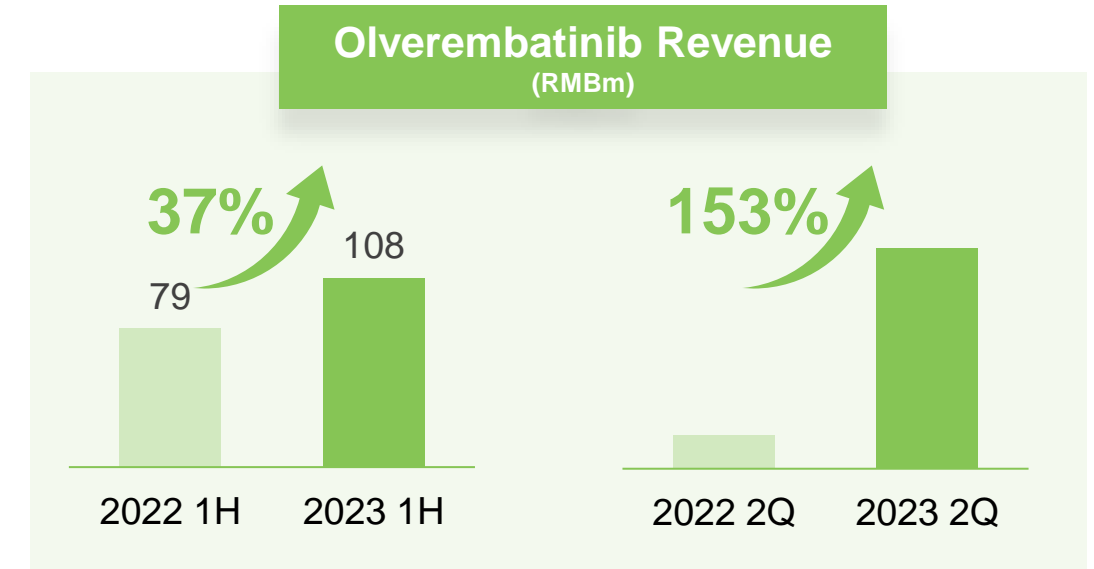
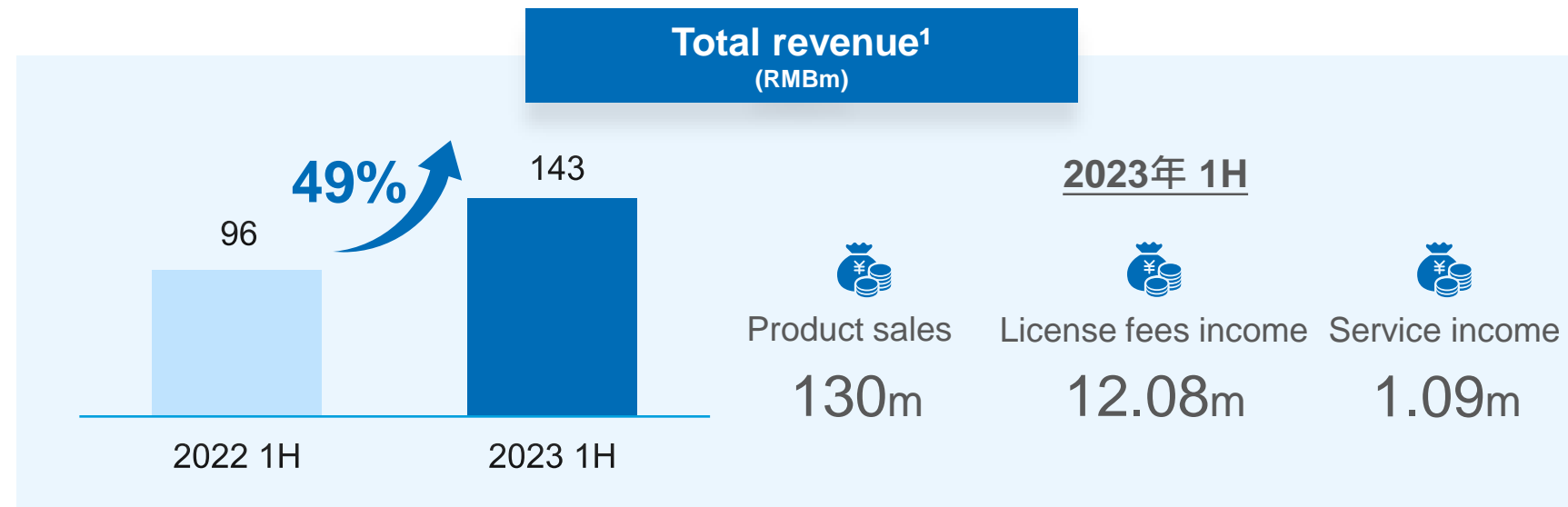
APG-1387

APG-1252

APG-2449

APG-5918

Financial overview for 1H 2023



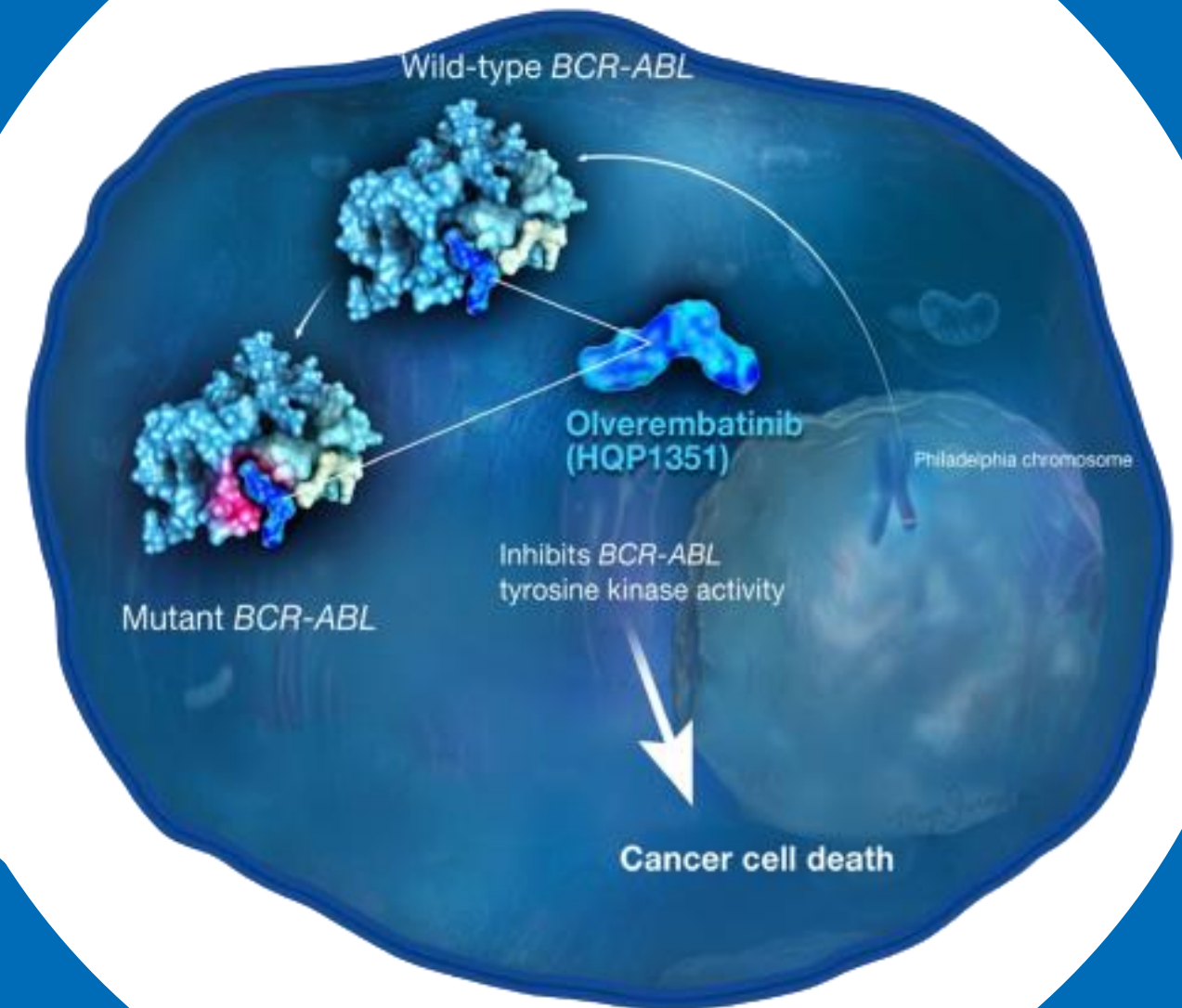
Olverembatinib (HQP1351)

Overview

The first and the only approved and commercialized third generation BCR-ABL inhibitor in China

National Major Pharmaceutical Innovation Project

Global best-in-class



Olverembatinib: Global best-in-class 3rd generation BCR-ABL TKI ¹



Effective in other 3G TKI failed patients

- Effective in CML patients who are resistant to ponatinib and asciminib - **83%**² CCyR in ponatinib-failed CML patients
- Stronger inhibition of kinase activity of many mutations or compound mutations other TKIs not sensitive to³

Efficacy

- Effective and durable anti-leukemic effects in CML and Ph+ ALL patients including those harboring T315I mutation
- **80%** of CML-CP patients achieved MCyR⁴
- Excellent efficacy and safety data in adult and pediatric Ph+ ALL patients with potential to be first-line treatment

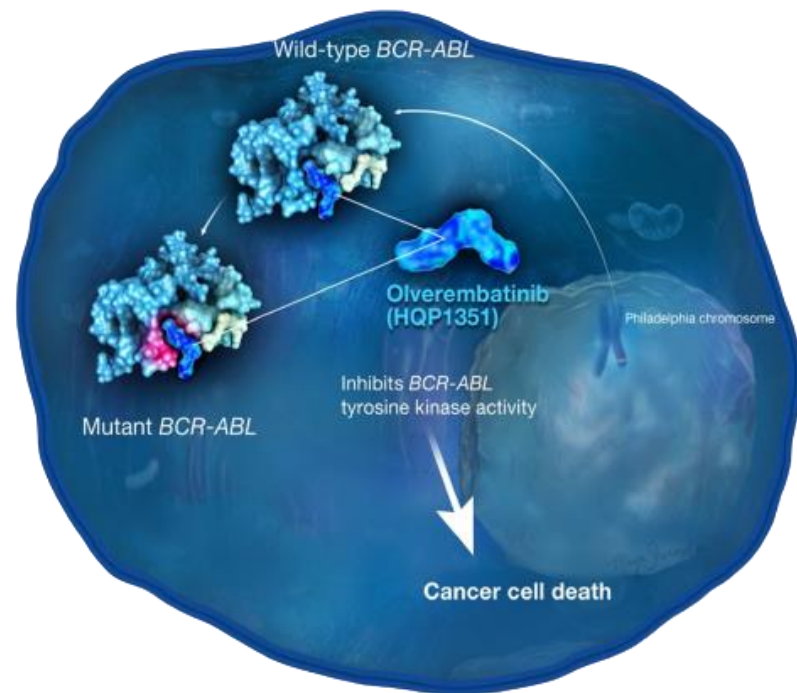
Safety

- **80%** of patient continue treatment after 5 years of treatment
- TRAE decreases over time
- Hematologic adverse events were mostly mild and manageable

Global annual sales of 2G and 3G BCR-ABL TKI exceeds US\$5bn

¹ Analysis based on published data, not head-to-head comparison trials; ² Based on preliminary data (Jabbour E et al. ASH (2022) Olverembatinib (HQP1351) Overcomes Ponatinib Resistance in Patients with Heavily Pretreated/Refractory Chronic Myeloid Leukemia (CML) and Philadelphia Chromosome-Positive Acute Lymphoblastic Leukemia (Ph+ ALL) 64th ASH annual meeting) ; ³ Based on the results of in vitro studies; ⁴ Jiang Q et al. (2022) A Five-Year Follow-up on Safety and Efficacy of Olverembatinib (HQP1351), a Novel Third-Generation BCR-ABL Tyrosine Kinase Inhibitor (TKI), in Patients with TKI-Resistant Chronic Myeloid Leukemia (CML) in China
Data Source: Company Data, Released Data

Olverembatinib: The first and the only commercialized 3rd generation BCR-ABL inhibitor in China



CML	Approved (China)	For adult patients with TKI-resistant CML-CP or CML-AP harboring T315I mutation
	Soon to be approved (China)	For patients with CML-CP resistant to 1 st and 2 nd generation TKIs
Ph+ ALL	Global Ph III pivotal registrational study	Combo with chemo vs imatinib combo with chemo in newly diagnosed Ph+ ALL patients, potential first-line treatment
	Phase II (China)	In combination with APG-2575 for patients with r/r Ph+ ALL
CML / Ph+ ALL	Global Phase 1b bridging study	For patients with CML or Ph+ ALL who are resistant to 2 TKIs (including ponatinib and asciminib)
GIST		Monotherapy for GIST
	Phase Ib/II (China)	Recommended by CDE for Breakthrough Therapy Designation (BTD) for SDH-deficient GIST

Olverembatinib in patients with Ph+ Acute Lymphoblastic Leukemia

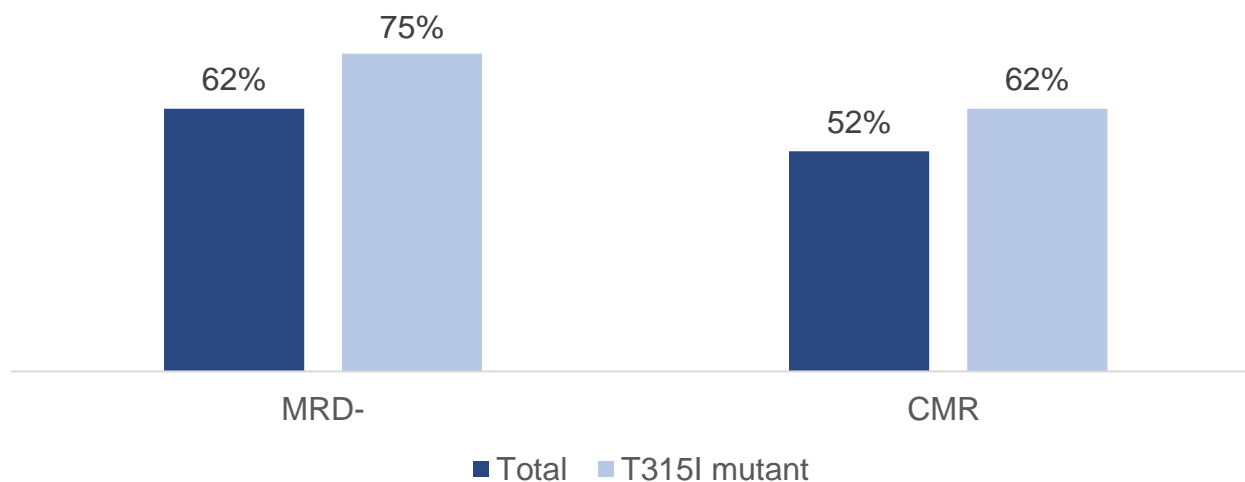


Olverembatinib monotherapy or combo with VP-based low intensive chemotherapy

- 21 pts with Ph/BCR-ABL1+ ALL treated with olverembatinib due to T315I mutation or R/R diseases. T315I mutation detected in 16 pts, including 6 with additional mutations
- MRD- and CMR rates for the entire cohort were 62% and 52%. **In pts with T315I mutation, MRD- and CMR rates were 75% and 62%, respectively**

Conclusion

- Olverembatinib is effective and safe in Chinese adult Ph/BCR-ABL1+ ALL with molecular or hematological R/R disease, **especially in pts with T315I mutation.**

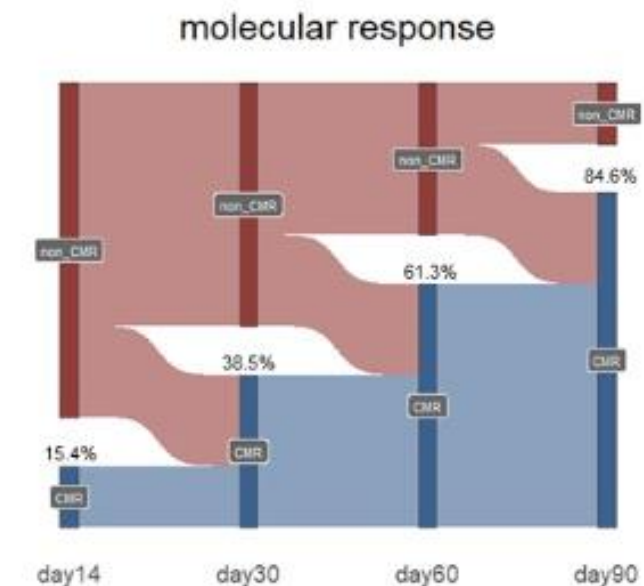


Olverembatinib combo with chemo (Protocol PDT-ALL-2016)

- All 13 enrolled patients had a median follow-up of 8.967 months (range 6.422~11.511) and **achieved Complete Remission, representing an ORR of 100%**
- CMR was achieved in 2/13 (15.4%), 5/13 (38.5%), 8/13 (61.3%), 11/13 (84.6%) on day 14, 30, 60, 90, respectively

Conclusion

- The results of olverembatinib clinical trials demonstrated promising efficacy results and acceptable safety data, indicating that this strategy may become another treatment option in frontline Ph-positive ALL.





Olverembatinib in pediatric Ph+ ALL patients

Treatment outcomes for children with Ph + ALL remained poor despite the use of intensive chemotherapy, TKI, and consolidative allogeneic hematopoietic cell transplantation.

The 5-year event-free survival rate after first- and second-generation TKI treatment is only 60%. There are limited treatment options and unmet medical needs for r/r Ph+ALL patients.

Efficacy

- 7 patients (age 5.0 to 17.6 years) included in the study, all of whom previously received dasatinib or intolerant to dasatinib
- In monotherapy, **2 out of 3 achieved complete response with negative minimal residual disease (MRD) (<0.01%)**
- Of the 2 evaluable patients treated with olverembatinib in combination with other treatments, **both patients attained remission with negative MRD (<0.01%)**
- Olverembatinib also appeared to contribute to **leukemia control in the CNS**

Safety

- **Excellent safety profile among the 6 evaluable patients.**
- The most frequent complaint was grade 2 extremity pain in 2 patients and grade 2 myopathy of lower extremities in 1 patient. 1 patient had a grade 3 fever and 1 episode of pneumonia, which were relieved by symptomatic therapy or a reduction in drug dose
- **Hematological toxicity was not observed** in the 3 patients treated with olverembatinib monotherapy
- **Hypertriglyceridemia, electrolyte disturbances or cardiac toxicity were not observed**

Olverembatinib exhibits good safety profile in pediatric patients irrespective of their disease status and combinations with other treatments.

Promising efficacy in children with relapsed Ph + ALL, not only in bone marrow but also in CNS.

Olverembatinib in patients with TKI-resistant SDH-deficient gastrointestinal stromal tumors (GIST)



Clinical Results

20 evaluable pts with SDH-deficient GIST

Efficacy

- >65% GIST patients failed at least 2 TKI therapies
- The median treatment duration was 7.8 months
- The longest treatment duration achieved was 42 months
- 5 PRs were reported
- 93.8% CBR¹

Safety

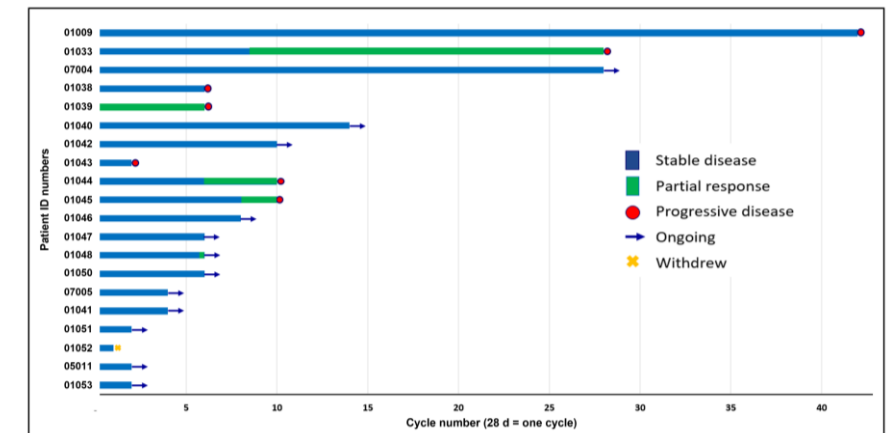
- Most adverse events were grade 1 or 2; 2 pts experienced grade 3 AEs (9%)
- A total of 15 (75%) pts experienced treatment-related AEs (grade 3 neutropenia [n = 1]).
No serious TRAEs were reported



Conclusion

- **Olverembatinib was well tolerated**
- **Olverembatinib showed antitumor activity in pts with TKI-resistant, SDH-deficient GIST**

Efficacy



Safety

Treatment-emergent AEs (all grades ≥10%)	
N = 20	
Any AE, no. (%)	20 (100.0)
Anemia	11 (55.5)
Pyrexia	11 (55.5)
Hyperuricemia	10 (50.0)
Increased ALT	10 (50.0)
Increased AST	9 (45.0)
Headache	6 (30.0)
Constipation	5 (25.0)
Pantalgia	4 (20.0)
Fatigue	2 (10.0)
Chest pain	2 (10.0)
Dizziness	2 (10.0)
Infection	2 (10.0)
Proteinuria	2 (10.0)
Myalgia	2 (10.0)

Lisaftoclax (APG-2575)

Overview

Novel, orally administered Bcl-2 selective inhibitor

The 2nd drug entered into pivotal phase II study globally

Best in class potential



Lisaftoclax (APG-2575): Clinically proven, differentiated advantage with best-in-class potential



2nd globally and 1st in China Bcl-2 selective inhibitor entering global registrational clinical trial



Clinically validated

- **700+ subjects** enrolled into lisaftoclax studies, including CLL, AML, MM, MCL, T-PLL, WM, MDS patients
- **300+ CLL patients** treated with lisaftoclax demonstrating promising safety and efficacy data



Efficacy

- Reached **98% ORR** in combination with BTKi in r/r CLL/SLL patients
- Reached **100% ORR** in combination with BTKi in TN CLL/SLL patients
- **Effective in venetoclax-failed and BTKi-resistant patients**



Safety

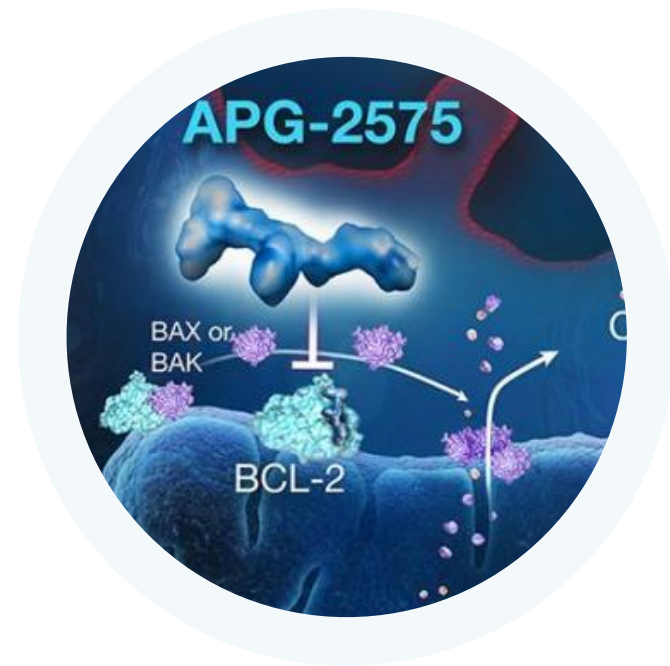
- **Very low clinical TLS**
- No DLTs observed, MTD not reached
- Less neutropenia and thrombocytopenia
- **No DDI observed** in combination with BTK



Unique clinical design

- **Daily dose ramp-up** vs. weekly dose ramp-up
- More convenient to patients and HCPs
- Unique **BTKi combination therapy**

Lisaftoclax(APG-2575): 700+ patients have been treated, covering multiple diseases



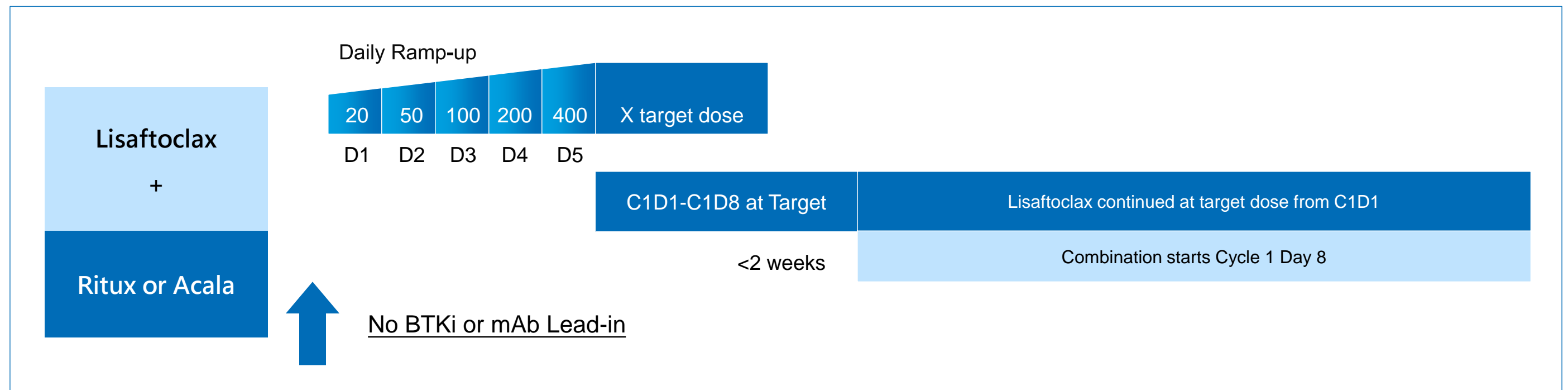
CLL/SLL	Registrational Phase II study (China) Registrational Phase III (Global)	Monotherapy for r/r CLL/SLL In combination with BTK inhibitors for previously treated CLL/SLL patients
AML	Phase Ib/II(Global)	Monotherapy/Combination therapy
MDS	Phase Ib/II(Global)	Monotherapy/Combination therapy
WM	Phase Ib/II(Global)	Monotherapy or in combination with ibrutinib/rituximab
MM	Phase Ib/II(Global)	Combination therapy
T-PLL	Phase I(Global)	Combination therapy
MCL	Phase Ib/II(China)	Combination therapy

Unique and differentiated clinical design; global best-in-class potential



★ Daily Dose Ramp-up: More convenient to HCPs & patients, lower TLS risks and faster to achieve therapeutic dose

★ Lisoftoclax and BTKi combination therapy can begin quickly (Cycle 1 Day 8)



Lisaftoclax (APG-2575) combined with ibrutinib or rituximab in patients with Waldenström macroglobulinemia (WM)



Clinical results

Among the 46 dosed patients, 42 were efficacy-evaluable. Lisaftoclax doses were escalated to 1000, 1200, and 800 mg in Arms A, B and C, respectively.

Efficacy

- 2 VGPRs were reported in Arm B at 800 and 1200 mg. Median (range) time to VGPR was 3.1 (1.8-4.4) months.

Safety

- Maximum tolerated dose has not been reached. One DLT (grade 3 clinical TLS) was reported in Arm B at 1200 mg, and 1 laboratory TLS in Arm B at 1000 mg. No ventricular arrhythmias reported.
- Lisaftoclax related \geq grade 3+ AEs included neutropenia (19.5%), leukopenia (4.3%), and 2.2% for anemia, weight loss, sepsis, and TLS (each).



Conclusion

- Lisaftoclax is well tolerated at dose levels of up to 1200 and 1000 mg in patients with naïve and r/r WM, respectively
- Lisaftoclax combined with ibrutinib demonstrated a promising efficacy in treatment-naïve WM patients
- No observable DDI between lisaftoclax and ibrutinib

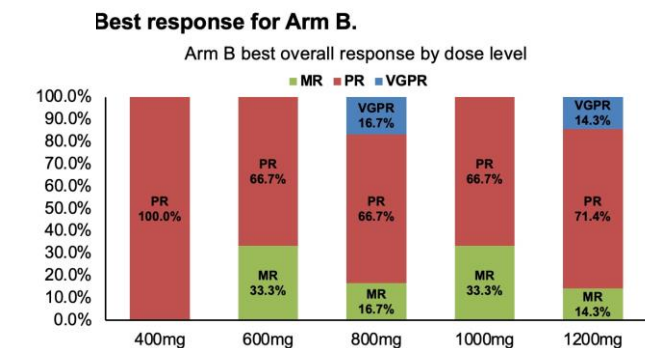


Table 3. Best overall response by investigator

	Arm A (n = 12)	Arm B (n = 22)	Arm C (n = 8)
Major response rate, n (%)	4 (33.3)	19 (86.4)	3 (37.5)
VGPR		2 (9.1)	
PR	4 (33.3)	17 (77.3)	3 (37.5)
MR	2 (16.7)	3 (13.6)	2 (25)
Time to (TT) response, mo., median (range)			
TT minor response	4.6 (1-9)	1.0 (1-5)	4.4 (1-10)
TT major response	5.9 (1-9)	2.0 (1-21)	4.6 (1-23)

CR: complete response; VGPR: very good partial response; PR: Partial response; MR: minor response; major response: PR+VGPR+CR

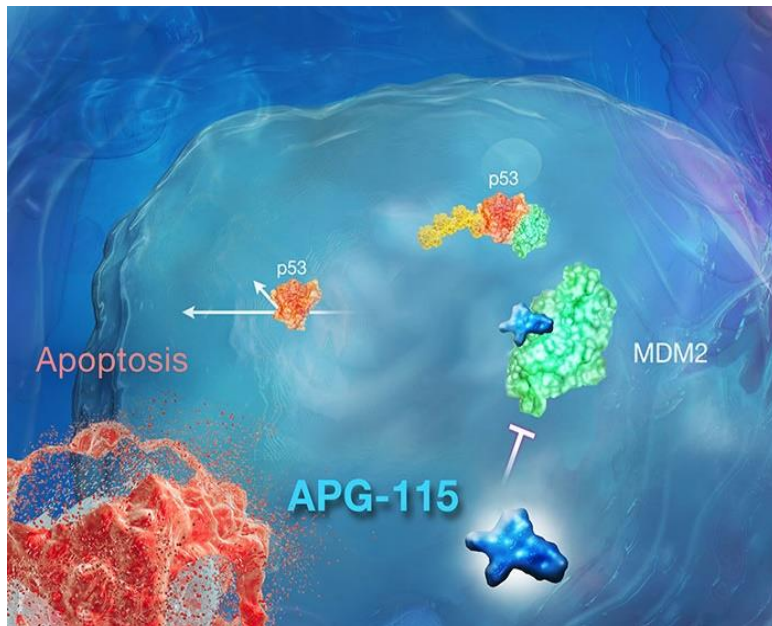
Overall safety summary

Category, n (%)	Arm A (n = 14)	Arm B (n = 24)	Arm C (n = 8)
AE \geq Grade 3	6 (42.9)	12 (50.0)	4 (50.0)
Lisaftoclax-related AE \geq grade 3	3 (21.4)	6 (25.0)	2 (25.0)
Serious AE	4 (28.6)	12 (50.0)	2 (25.0)
AE leading to death	1 (7.1) ^a	1 (4.2) ^b	
AE leading to lisaftoclax discontinuation		2 (8.3) ^c	
AE leading to lisaftoclax reduction		1 (4.2) ^d	
AE leading to lisaftoclax being withheld	4 (28.6)	17 (70.8)	3 (37.5)
COVID-19 related AE	2 (14.3)	8 (33.3)	3 (37.5)

^aCerebrovascular accident; ^bCapnocytophaga sepsis; ^cSkin infection and metastatic prostate cancer; ^dneutropenia

Alrizomadlin (APG-115)

MDM2-p53 inhibitor
First-in-Class potential



Product highlights

- Orally bioavailable, highly selective, small molecule inhibitor targeting MDM2-p53. Designed to restore the activation of p53 tumor suppressor activity by blocking the MDM2-p53 interaction PPI (protein-protein interaction)
- 6 orphan drug designations (ODDs) from FDA
- 2 rare pediatric disease designations (RPDs) from FDA



Indications targeted by Clinical Development

- Melanomas
- Malignant Peripheral Nerve Sheath Tumor (MPNST)
- AML
- Chronic myelomonocytic leukemia (CMML)
- MDS
- Salivary gland cancer
- Liposarcoma (LPS)
- Neuroblastoma or other solid tumors

Alrizomadlin (APG-115) in combination with Lisaftoclax (APG-2575) has promising potential in the treatment of pediatric tumors



Targeting the MDM2-P53 and BCL-2 apoptosis pathways simultaneously is highly synergic and can achieve "synthetic lethality"



Clinical Needs

- Pediatric tumors are the leading cause of death in children
- The prognosis for these tumors is poor, especially in patients with recurrence and metastasis
- New therapies are needed to address the unmet clinical needs



Mechanism and Theory

- Compared with adult tumors, pediatric solid tumors are characterized by low TP53 mutation frequency and high MDM2 amplification frequency, suggesting that the use of MDM2 inhibitors to restore P53 tumor suppression function is a potential effective treatment strategy
- Multiple preclinical studies suggest that MDM2 inhibitor demonstrates potent activities in multiple pediatric tumor models
- APG-115 in combination with APG-2575 can simultaneously target BCL-2, BCL-xL and MCL-1 and synergistically trigger apoptosis in cancer cells



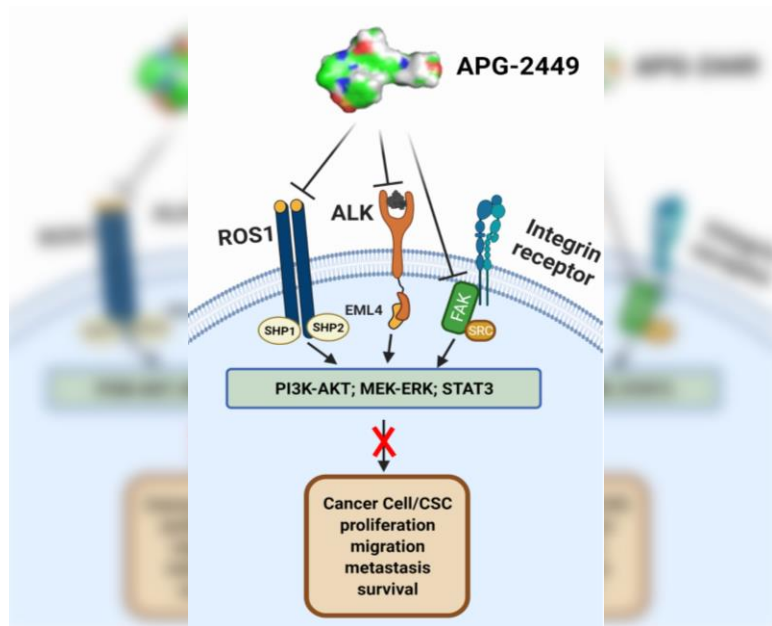
Progress Update

- Phase 1 clinical study of the safety, tolerability, PK and efficacy of APG-115 alone or in combination with Lisaftoclax (APG-2575) is ongoing
- The first dose cohort of APG-115 monotherapy for children with solid tumors did not reach DLT and was well tolerated

APG-2449

ALK/FAK/ROS1

triple ligase kinase inhibitor



Potentially the 1st ALK/FAK/ROS1 triple inhibitor globally

- Innovative drug aiming at high FAK-expressing tumors and ALK/ROS1 fusion mutant NSCLC
- Through (1) effective ALK/ROS1 inhibitor and (2) FAK inhibitor in combination with chemotherapy or targeted therapies, effectively coming resistance
- Simultaneous blocking of FAK and ALK can significantly improve efficacy and overcome resistance to ALK single-target inhibitors
- Effective for intracranial lesions in patients with brain metastases
- Well tolerated; no obvious neurotoxicity occurs

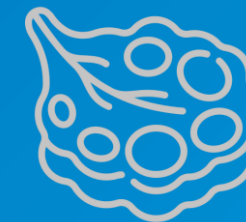


Indications targeted in clinical development

NSCLC



ovarian cancer



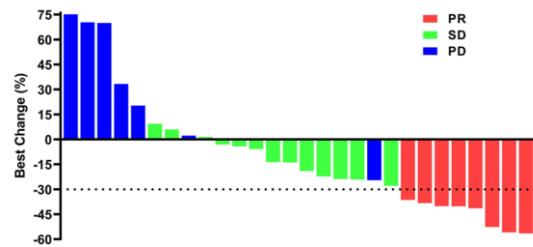
Selected for poster discussion at 2023 ASCO

FAK inhibition with novel FAK/ALK inhibitor APG-2449 could overcome resistance to second-generation ALK inhibitors in NSCLC patients

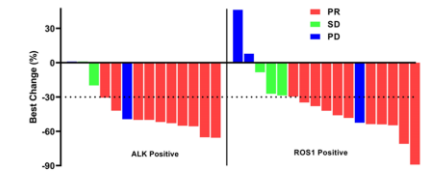


Efficacy

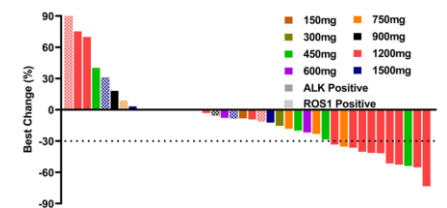
Best tumor response (%) in patients with 2nd gen TKI resistant ALK+ NSCLC



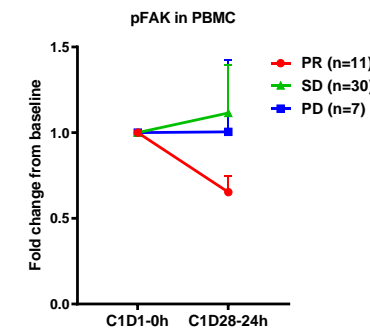
Best tumor response (%) in patients with TKI-naïve ALK/ROS1+ NSCLC



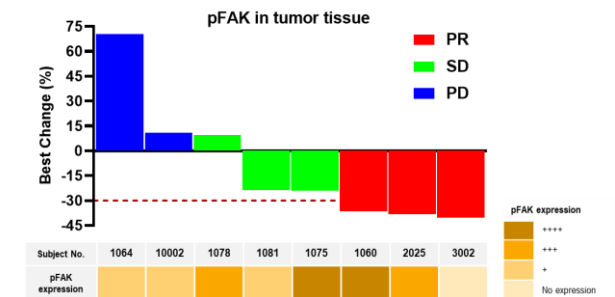
Best tumor response (%) of brain metastases observed in patients with 2nd gen TKI resistant ALK+ NSCLC



pFAK fold change from baseline in PBMCs collected from pts with NSCLC post treatment with APG-2449 at different doses.



Best tumor response vs. pFAK expression at the tumor tissues collected from ALK-TKI resistant 8 pts with NSCLC, who treated with APG-2449 at RP2D.



Clinical results

- In TKI-naïve NSCLC and ROS1+ treatment-naïve patients, ORR was 78.6% and 70.6%, respectively
- Among 28 ALK + NSCLC patients resistant to 2G ALK TKI, 8 achieved PR, ORR 28.6%
- In 13 brain metastases patients resistant to 2G ALK TKI, 8 achieved intracranial PRs, intracranial ORR is 61.5%
- Compared to baseline, those who experienced PR showed greater reduction in phosphorylated FAK (pFAK) levels, patients with higher FAK expression at baseline were likely to achieve deeper clinical responses to APG-2449
- APG-2449 was well tolerated. There was no neurotoxicity in 136 NSCLC patients receiving APG-2449

Conclusion

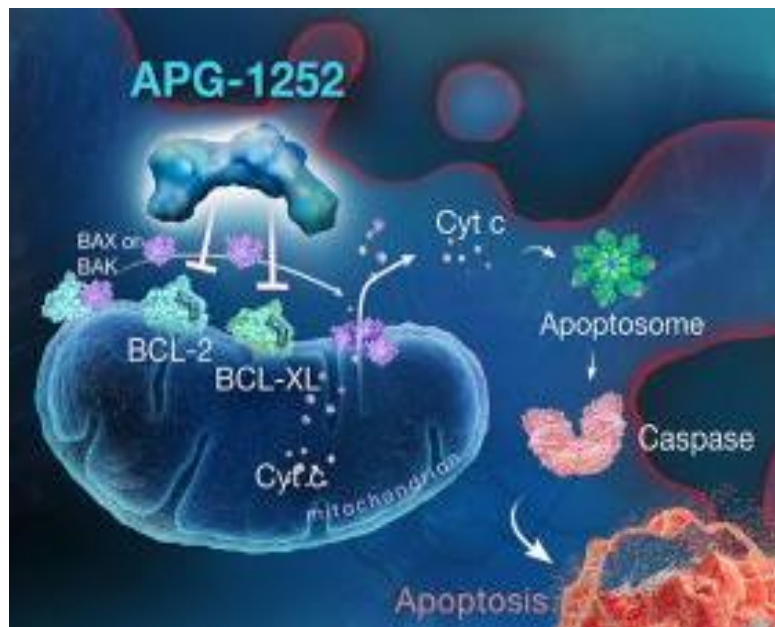
- APG-2449 showed a favorable preliminary safety profile and antitumor activity in patients with NSCLC
- FAK inhibition may be a novel approach to overcome ALK resistance in NSCLC patients resistant to 2G ALK inhibitors

Safety

	Any grade	≥ Grade 3
Population	136	136
Subjects with at least one TRAE, n (%)	123 (90.4)	19 (14.0)
Preferred term, n (%)		
Increased blood creatinine	63 (46.3)	0
Increased ALT	55 (40.4)	4 (2.9)
Increased AST	45 (33.1)	1 (0.7)
Nausea	37 (27.2)	1 (0.7)
Vomiting	31 (22.8)	2 (1.5)
Decreased leukocyte count	30 (22.1)	1 (0.7)
Diarrhea	29 (21.3)	0
Decreased neutrophil count	24 (17.6)	1 (0.7)
Rash	17 (12.5)	0

Pelcitoclax (APG-1252)

Bcl-2/Bcl-xL inhibitor



Product highlights

- Restore apoptosis through dual inhibition of the Bcl-2 and Bcl-xL proteins
- Novel combination in solid tumors and hematologic malignancies
- ODD received from FDA for the treatment of SCLC
- A total of 205 patients have been treated with pelcitoclax as monotherapy or in combination with other anti-tumor agents



Indications targeted in clinical development

SCLC
NSCLC



To release latest clinical
results at 2023 ESMO

Neuroendocrine
tumor (NET)

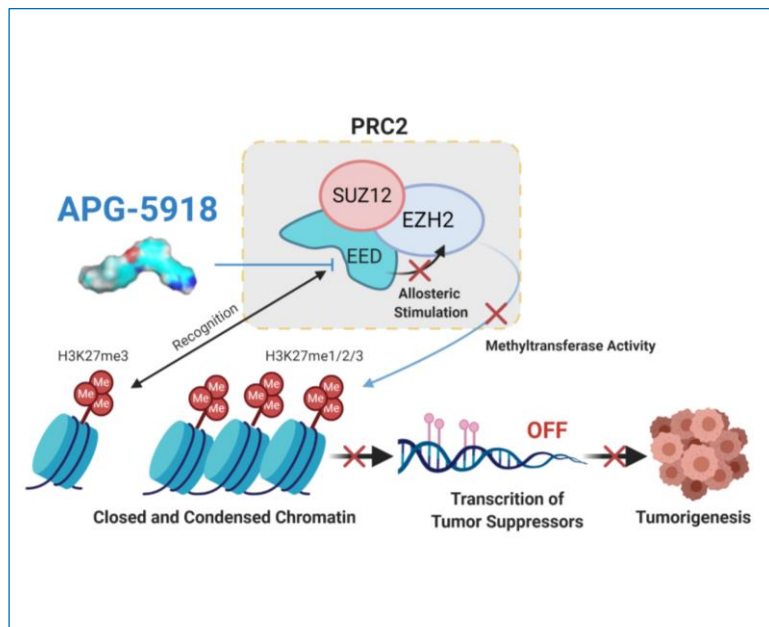


Non-Hodgkin's
lymphoma (NHL)



APG-5918

EED inhibitor



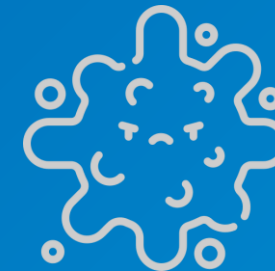
China's first EED inhibitor to enter clinical trials

- APG-5918 binds to the H3K27me3-interacting EED domain, resulting in a conformational change in the EED H3K27me3 binding pocket, and prevents EED from interacting with histone methyltransferase EZH2
- APG-5918 has potent in vitro and in vivo targeted pharmacological activity in cancer cell lines and xenograft models



Indications targeted in clinical development

Solid tumors and hematologic malignancies



Anemia



Addressing patient needs through innovative therapeutics to create massive global market opportunities





Patient-Centric Innovation | Global Breakthrough Therapies



Products strategically target the US\$10bn+ global blood cancer market

- Products cover all major hematological malignancies, with each product facing billion-dollar market



Focus on global FIC and BIC products with unique and valuable advantages

- Unique clinical advantages establish commercial value, driving global market penetration
- Cross-product combination create significant synergies



Olverembatinib commercialized; APG-2575 entered in global registrational Phase III study

- Key products have begun global pivotal trials. International sales to be generated in the foreseeable future



468 issued patents and 1,200+ applications globally, providing multi-layered, all-round protection for products and core technologies



Global leading R&D team possesses comprehensive capabilities, seamlessly executing the entire R&D lifecycle from discovery to registration



Accelerating growth of olverembatinib sales propelled by increasing prescriptions under NRDL coverage



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